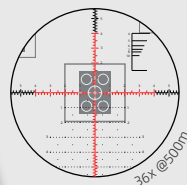
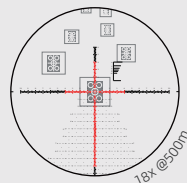
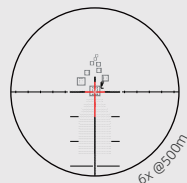


VEC-MBR2 MIL FFP RETICLE

The VEC-MBR2 reticle presented in the image is a highly versatile and feature-rich MIL-based design, suitable for long-range precision shooting, tactical applications, and target ranging.

The center area of the Christmas-tree reticle is an illuminated center cross with dot, extending 4 MIL horizontally, 4 MIL above the center point, and 10 MIL below the center point. This design is optimized for precision shooting at medium to high magnifications.

On the right side of the reticle, there's a small fast ranging reticle designed with a wide aspect ratio of width to height (0.5 : 1). By horizontally aligning the width of the target or vertically aligning the height of the target, an approximate distance can be obtained.



Applicable products:

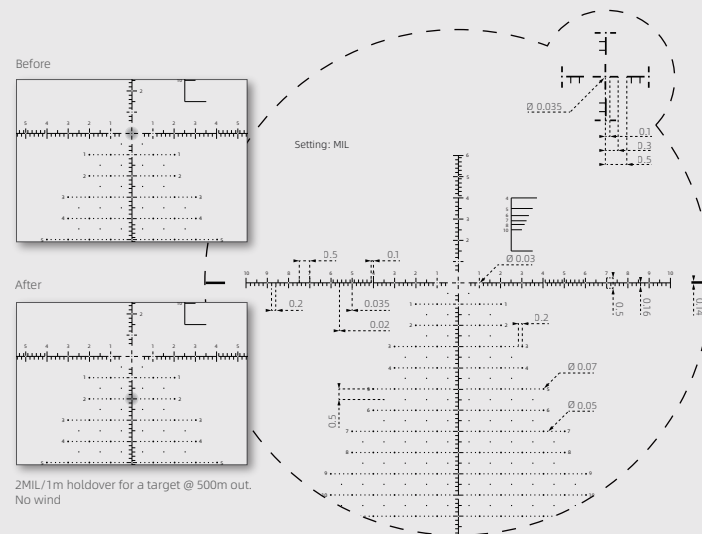
Continental - 6-36x56

Red indicated illuminated portion of the reticle

COMPENSATION BULLET DROP

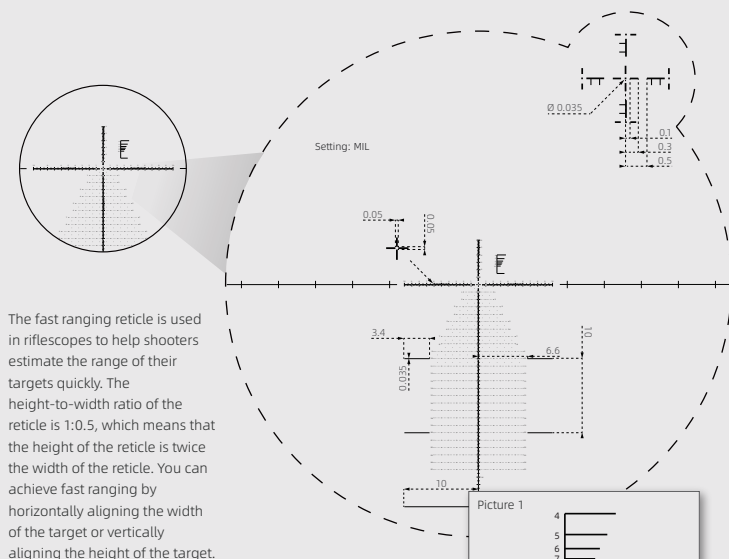
Holdover refers to the technique of adjusting the aim of a firearm to compensate for the effect of gravity on the bullet's trajectory. Bullet drop is the decrease in bullet height as it travels through the air. The shooter can use the MIL markings on the reticle to calculate the bullet drop. The MIL markings on the vertical axis represent the distance in MILs between each hash mark. The horizontal axis represents the windage adjustment.

For example, under no wind condition, after zeroing your scope at 100m, if you know your target is at 500m and your ammo has a 1m bullet drop at that distance, you will need to use 2MIL holdover point. Here is how you get the 2MIL: since 1MIL equals 10cm at 100m, 50cm at 500m, and then 2MIL equals $2 \times 50\text{cm} = 1\text{m}$ at 500m, you need to hold the 2MIL drop point to compensate for the 1m bullet drop, thus bring the aim point to line up with the bullet's point of impact.



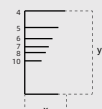
When it comes to wind correction in shooting, there are three key factors to keep in mind: the flying time of the bullet, the velocity and direction of the wind, and the ballistics coefficient (BC) of the bullet. By taking into account these three factors, a shooter can make the necessary adjustments to account for wind drift and achieve accurate shots even in challenging conditions.

FAST RANGING

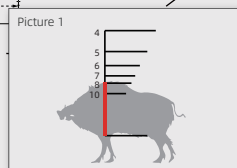


If you vertically align a wild boar's bottom belly to the bottom line, and its shoulder at highest point reaches mark 8 on the reticle, then the wild boar is 800 meters away from you. (Picture 1)

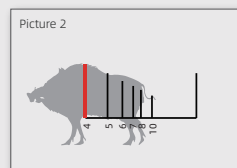
If you rotate the scope, and align the wild boar's bottom belly to the vertical line, and its shoulder at highest point reaches mark 4 on the reticle, the range to the wild boar is $400\text{m} \times 2 = 800\text{m}$. (Picture 2)



$x:y = 0.5:1$



Red indicates the height of a wild boar's bottom belly of the target



Red indicates the height of a wild boar's bottom belly of the target

HOW TO MEASURE TARGET HEIGHT & LENGTH

To use the VEC-MBR2 Reticle for ranging, the shooter first needs to know the height of the target in question. Once the height of the target is determined, the shooter can use the VEC-MBR2 Reticle to measure the target in MIL.

Height of Target (yards) / MIL * 1000 = Distance to Target (yards)

If the height of target is in Inches, then the formula should be:

Height of Target (inches) / MIL * 27.78 = Distance to Target (yards)
(1 inch ≈ 0.0277778 yards)

This formula works equally well with meters, but don't mix meters and yards:

Height of Target (meters) / MIL * 1000 = Distance to Target (meters)

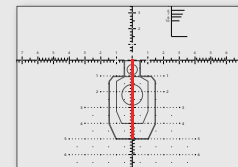
If the distance of the target is determined, then the shooter can use the VEC-MBR2 Reticle to measure the target length. You can use the following formula:

Distance to Target (yards) / 1000 * MIL = Length of Target (yards)

Distance to Target (yards) / 27.78 * MIL = Length of Target (inches)
(1 inch ≈ 0.0277778 yards)

This formula works equally well with meters, but don't mix meters and yards:

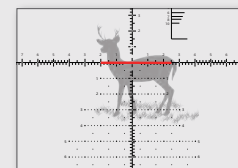
Distance to Target (meters) / 1000 * MIL = Length of Target (meters)



Red indicates the height of the target

If the height of an adult male is 5.91ft, and measures 5MIL across the reticle, that is:
Distance to Target (yards) / 27.78 * MIL = Height of Target (inches)

5.91ft = 70.9 inches
 $70.9 \text{ (inches)} / 5 \text{ mil} \times 27.78 = 394 \text{ (yards)}$
 $2.0 \text{ (yards)} / 5 \text{ MIL} \times 1000 = 394 \text{ (yards)}$
 $1.8 \text{ (meters)} / 5 \text{ MIL} \times 1000 = 360 \text{ (meters)}$



Red indicates MIL of the target in reticle

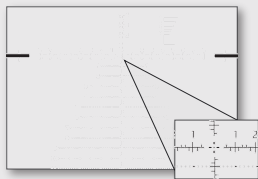
If the Distance to Target is 400m, and the target measures 4.5MIL across the reticle, then the target length is:

$400 \text{ (meters)} / 1000 * 4.5 \text{ MIL} = 1.8 \text{ (meters)}$
 $437 \text{ (yards)} / 1000 * 4.5 \text{ MIL} = 2.0 \text{ (yards)}$
 $437 \text{ (yards)} / 27.78 * 4.5 \text{ MIL} = 70 \text{ (inches)}$

Measure the object in yards to find the distance in yards, and use meters to yield distances in meters.

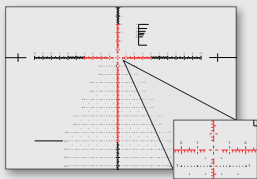
RETICLE DETAILS UPGRADE

VEC-MBR

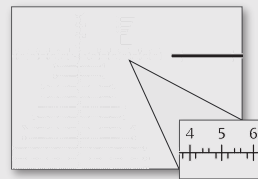


Expanded illumination area range to provide clearer aiming under low magnification.

VEC-MBR 2

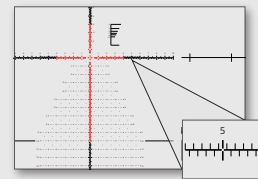


VEC-MBR

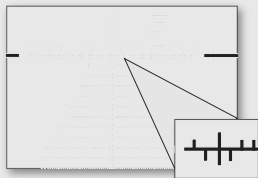


Added 0.1 MIL graduation markings at 10 MIL intervals on the 3 o'clock and 9 o'clock positions of the horizontal line for precise ranging or windage adjustment.

VEC-MBR 2

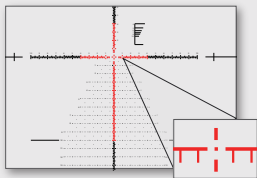


VEC-MBR

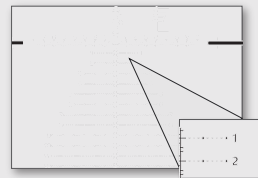


Added auxiliary aiming points 1 MIL outside the central point for enhanced targeting assistance.

VEC-MBR 2

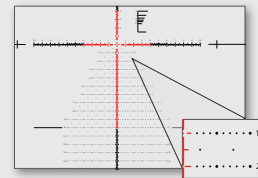


VEC-MBR

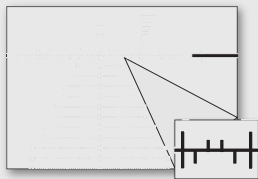


Integrated a 10 MIL ballistic drop compensation zone in the lower reticle area, with 0.5 MIL increment holdover points for bullet drop adjustments.

VEC-MBR 2

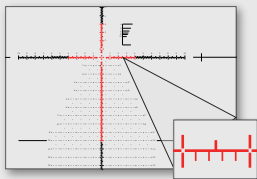


VEC-MBR

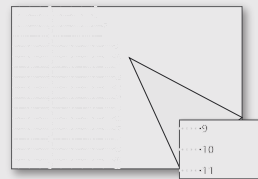


Incorporated 0.5 MIL graduation lines on the horizontal axis to improve efficiency for rapid horizontal ranging or windage estimation.

VEC-MBR 2

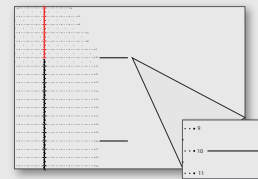


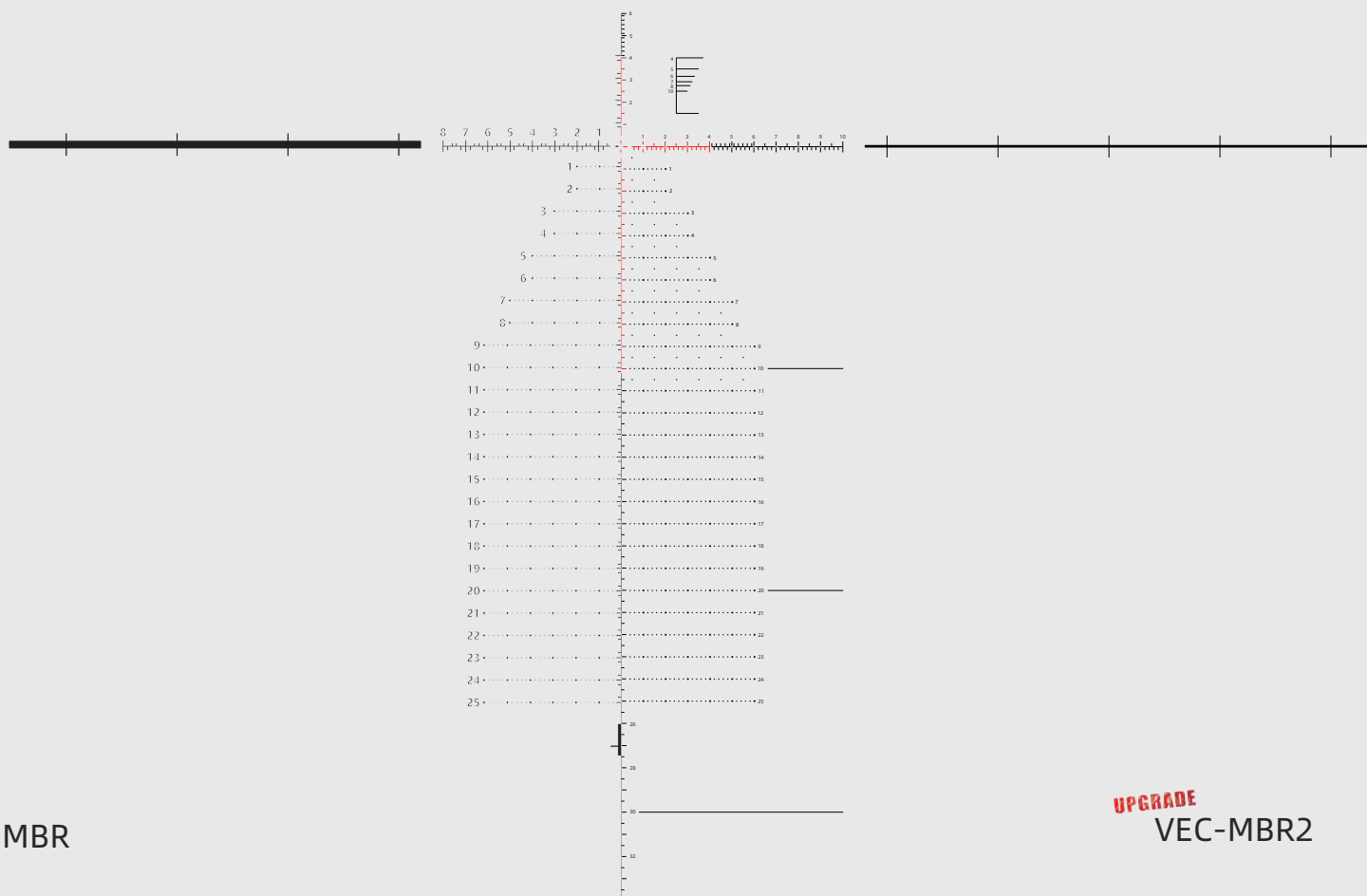
VEC-MBR



Added auxiliary reference lines at 10 MIL intervals in the lower reticle section to facilitate quick bullet drop compensation readings at low magnifications.

VEC-MBR 2





VEC-MBR

UPGRADE
VEC-MBR2